

THE STOICS: WHO THEY WERE AND WHAT WE CAN LEARN FROM THEM

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FOUR POINTS OF CONTACT BETWEEN STOICS AND SCRIPTURE

- Stoics are mentioned by name, Acts 17:18
- Paul quotes a Stoic philosopher, Acts 17:28
- The brother of one of the most well-known of all Stoic philosophers makes a cameo appearance in Acts 18:12-17.
- Stoicism has many parallels to Biblical thought on ethics, mental process, and personal growth.

ACTS 17:16-19

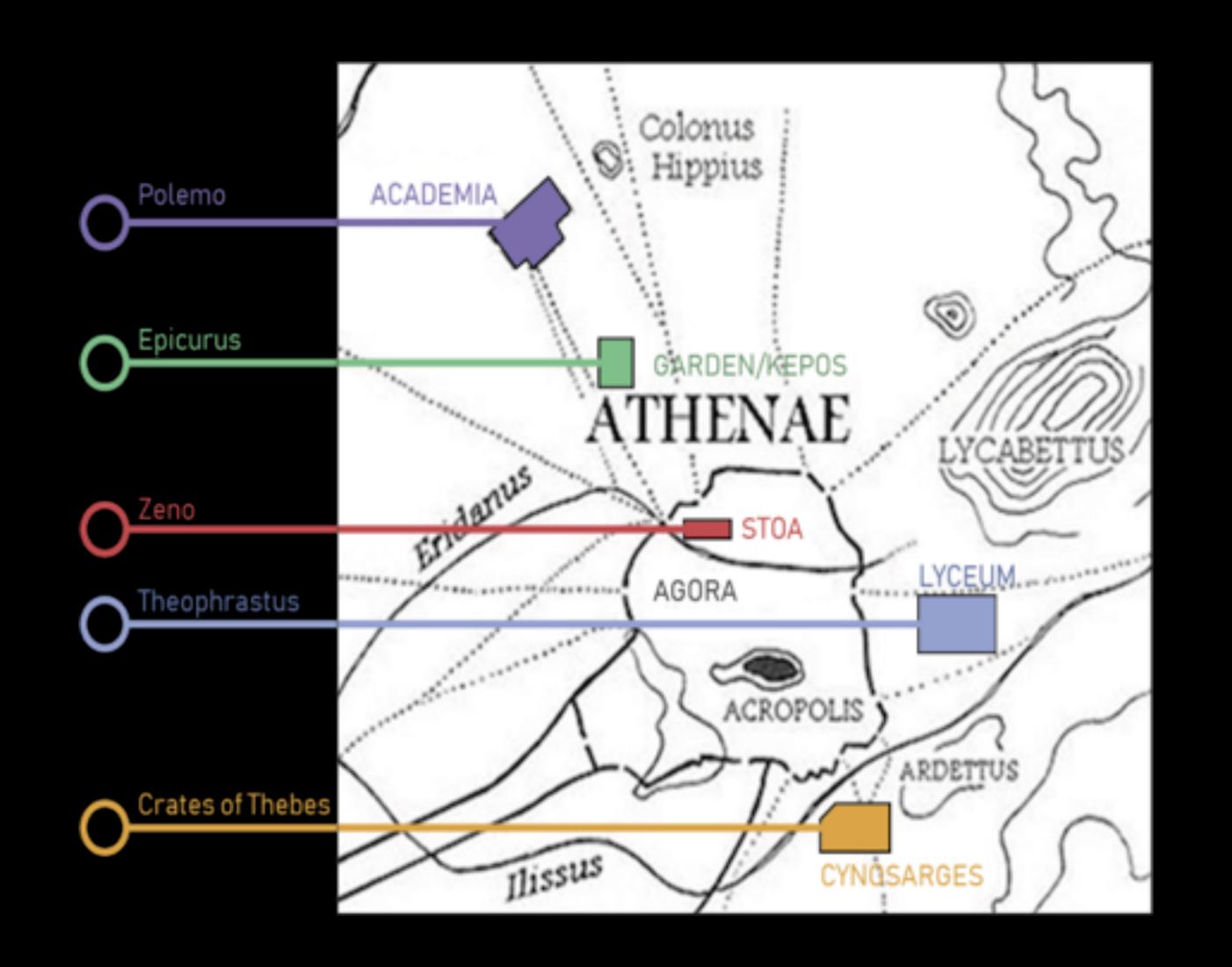
• Now while Paul was waiting for them in Athens, his spirit was provoked within him as he saw the city was filled with idols. So he reasoned in the synagogue with the Jews and the devout persons, and in the marketplace every day with those who happened to be there. Some of the Epicurean and Stoic philosophers also conversed with him. ... and they took him and brought him to the Areopagus



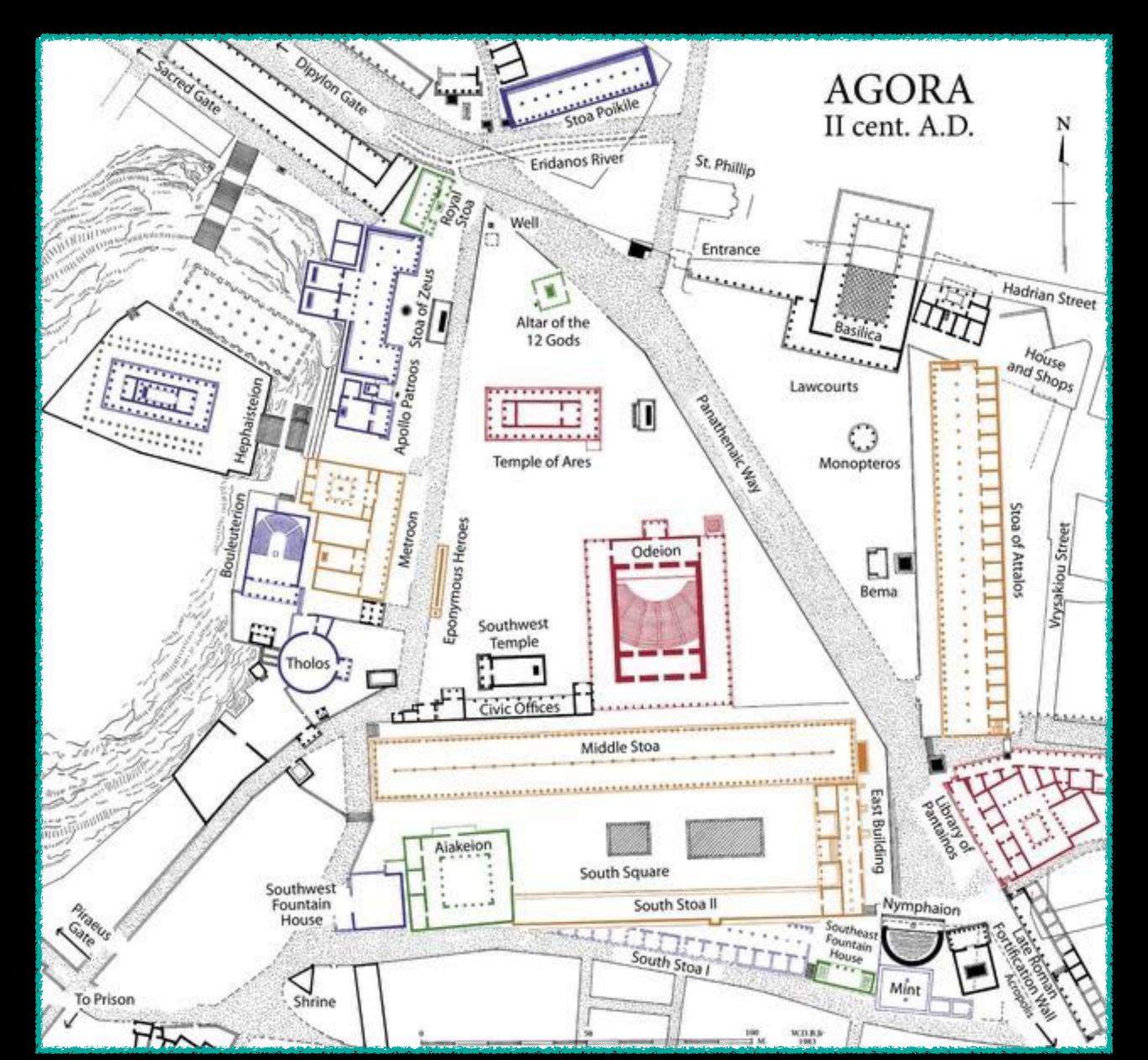


PAUL SPEAKS "FROM THE MIDST" OF WARS HILL

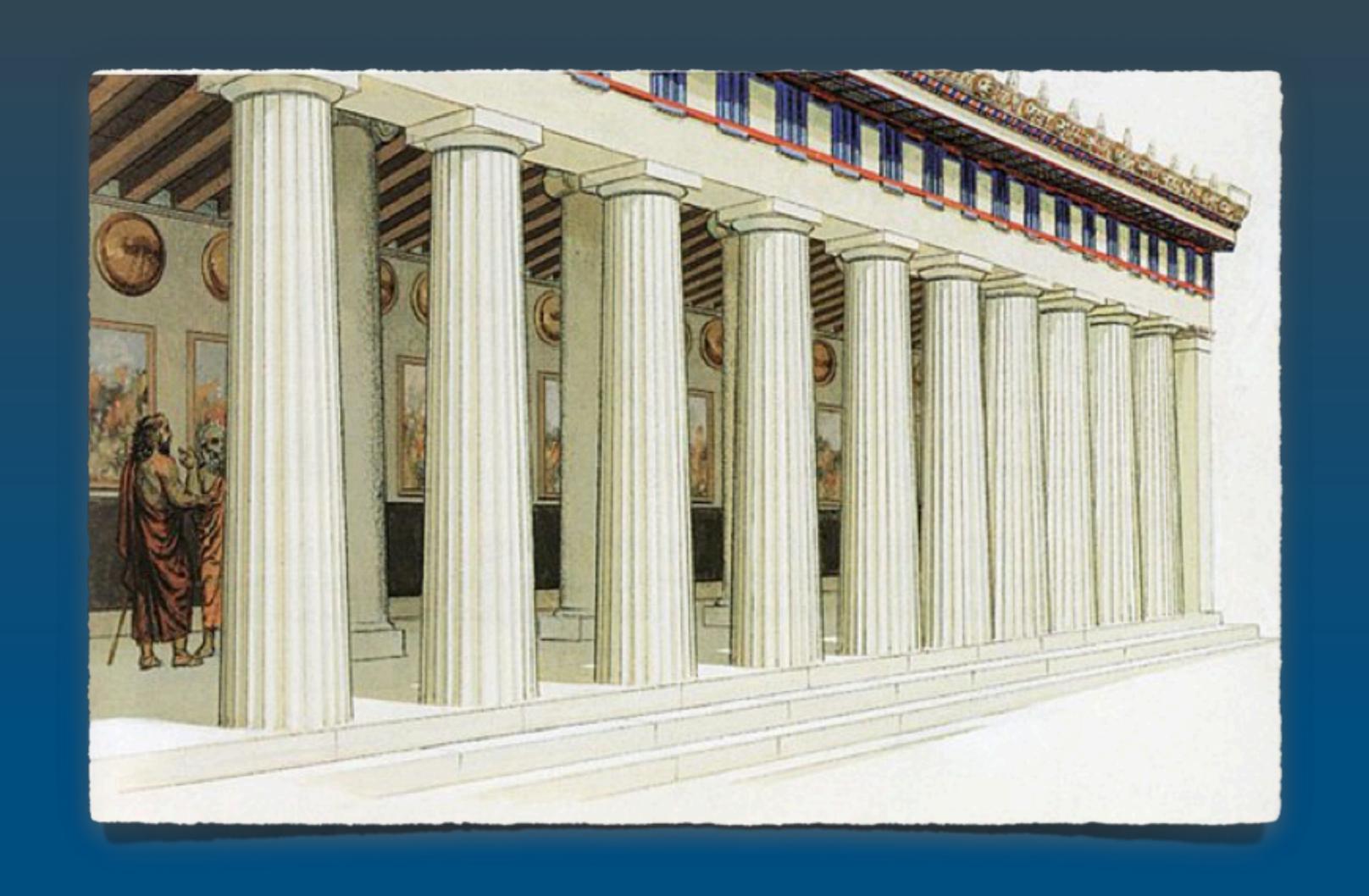




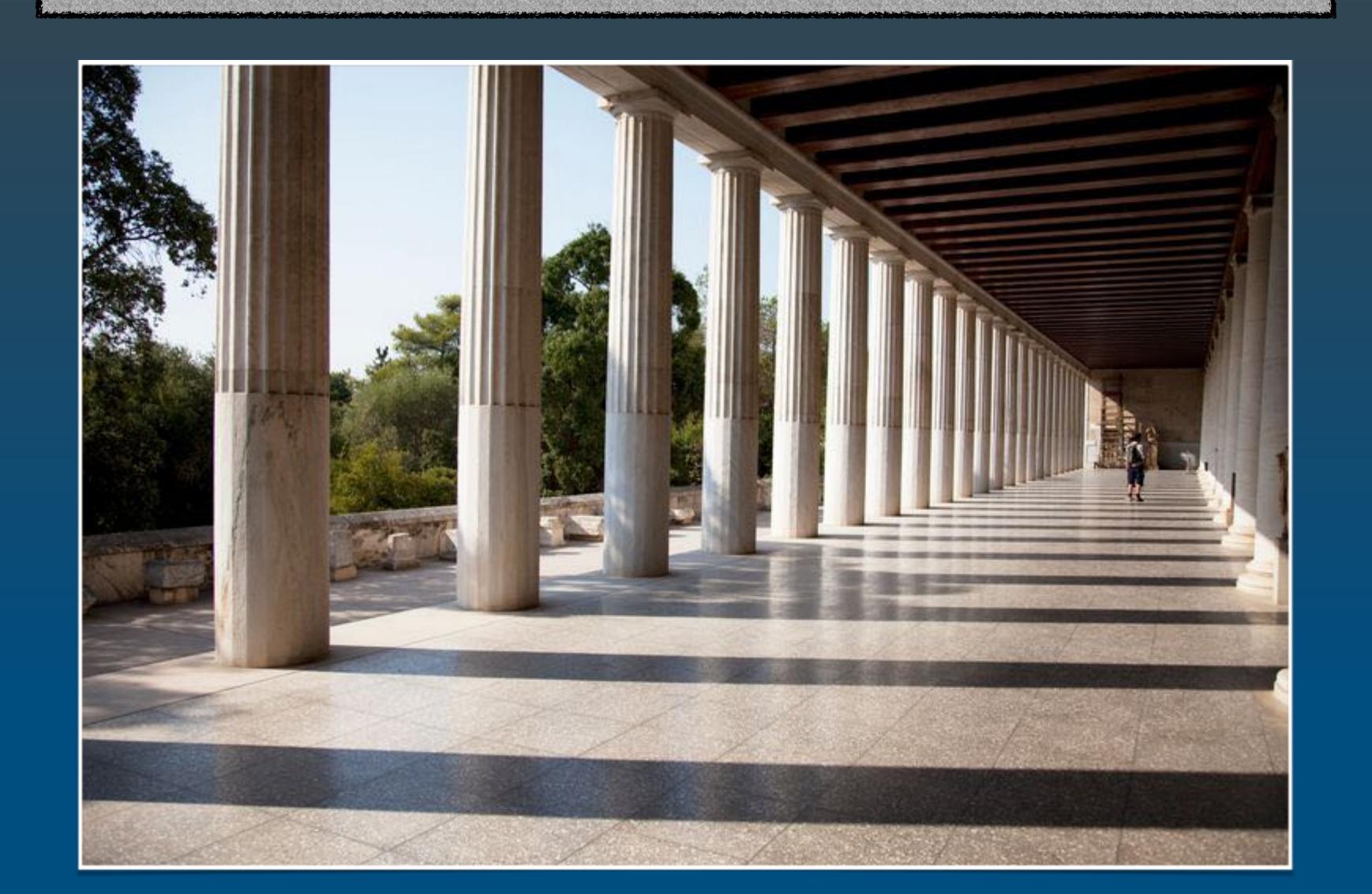
Layout of the Agora and Vicinity



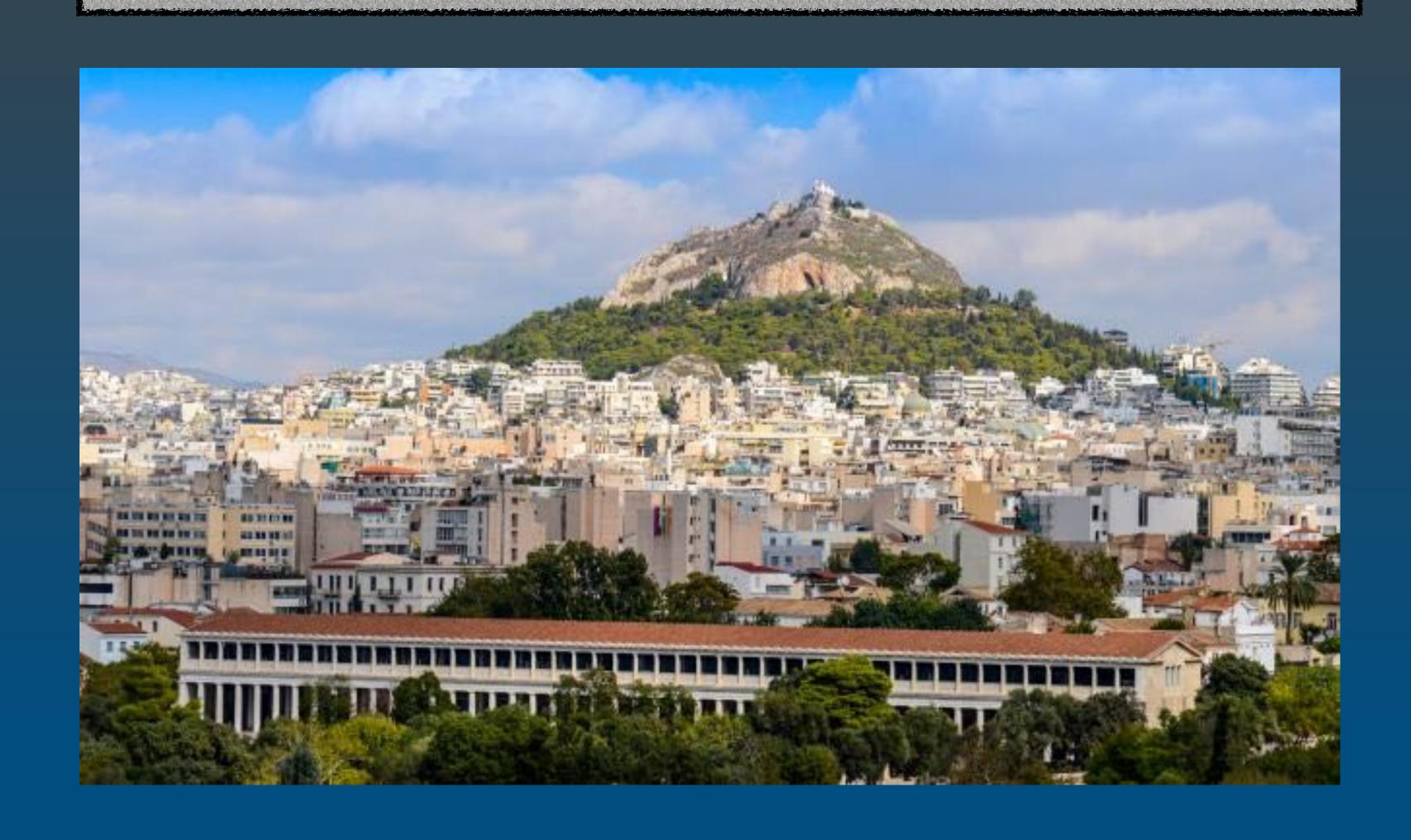
STOA POIKILE (THE PAINITED STOA)



THE STOA OF ATTALOS



THE STOA OF ATTALOS



SOME BASICS OF STOIC PHILOSOPHY

- The world is always changing, usually unpredictable, and often painful.
- You can't control the world outside of you.
- Your only domain of control is your own will, thoughts, and behavior.
- Accepting your lot in life and whatever happens to you is described as "living according to nature."
- Using your controlled mind to develop virtue is the highest goal of existence and the means of true happiness.
- Virtue: moral wisdom, courage, honesty/integrity/justice, and self-control/moderation.
- Virtue is also manifested by living a productive civic and social life, being a good person to others.
- The only things that can properly be called "good" or "bad" are our own thoughts and actions.
- Character development is a daily, focused, lifetime project.

THE FOUR VIRTUES OF STOICISM

- Love truth and wisdom.
- Treat others with kindness, fairness, and justice.
- Be brave and courageous.
- Master your desires; live with self-control and moderation.

THE FOUR VIRTUES OF STOICISM

... Wisdom (sophia), Righteousness (dikaiosune), Fortitude (andreia), and Temperance (sophrosune), or Wisdom, Justice, Courage, and Moderation in more modern language. These virtues came to be represented by four corresponding animals in the traditional symbol known as the tetramorph: the man of wisdom, eagle of justice, lion of fortitude, and ox or bull of temperance.

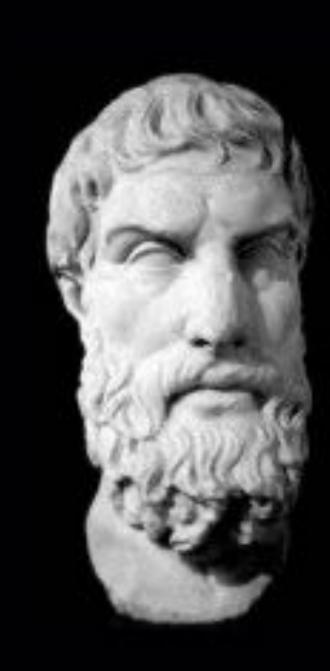
MUSONIUS RUFUS ON THE USE OF KNOWLEDGE

Just as there is no use in medical study unless it leads to the health of the human body, so there is no use to a philosophical doctrine unless it leads to the virtue of the human soul.

THREE BEST KNOWN STOIC PHILOSOPHERS

- Lucius Anneas Seneca, c.4 B.C.-65 A.D. brother of Gallio (Acts 18:12)
- Epictetus, c.55 A.D.-135 A.D.
- Marcus Aurelius, 121 A.D.-180 A.D. emperor 161-180

THE CORE OF STOICISM: LOCUS OF CONTROL



Happiness and freedom begin with a clear understanding of one principle. Some things are within your control. And some things are not.

--Epictetus

What is NOT in your control?

- the weather
- the stock market, the price of eggs, etc.
- what other people think and do, e.g., what I say in this class
- God's will
- pandemics, volcanic eruptions, sea currents, etc.
- the past

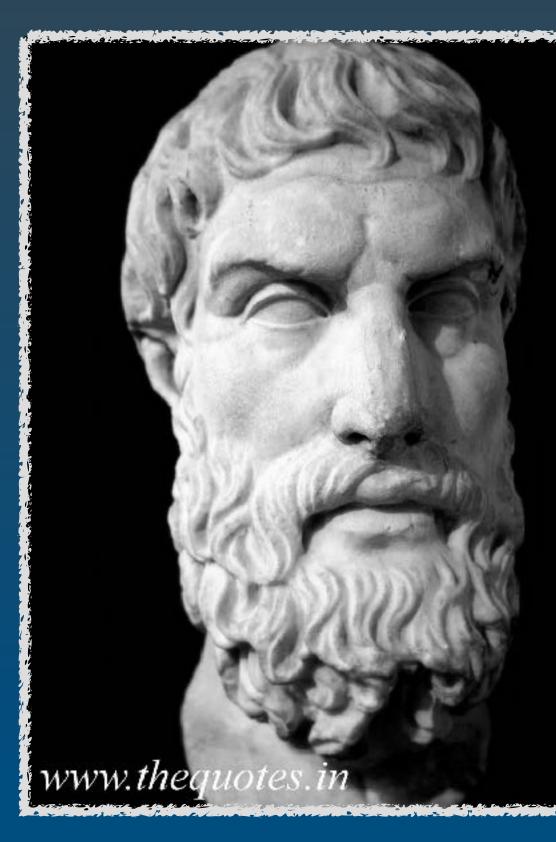
What IS in your control?

- What you do
- What you think
- Where you go
- How you accept God's will
- With whom you associate
- Your personal free will/choice

What PART of a situation can you control?

- You can't control the weather . . . but you can dress appropriately.
- You can't control the stock market . . . but you can make prudent investments and utilize your financial resources wisely.
- You can't control the past . . . but you can control how you think about the past.
- You can't control the pandemic . . . but you can take appropriate health measures.
- You can't control how others treat you . . . but you can control how you treat them.
- What about your salvation?

THE CORE OF STOICISM: LOCUS OF CONTROL



It's not what happens to you, but how you react to it that matters.

Epictetus

SAID ANOTHER WAY

People are not disturbed by things, but by the views they take of them. Epictetus

WHAT SCRIPTURE SAYS THIS?

Mark 7:22-23

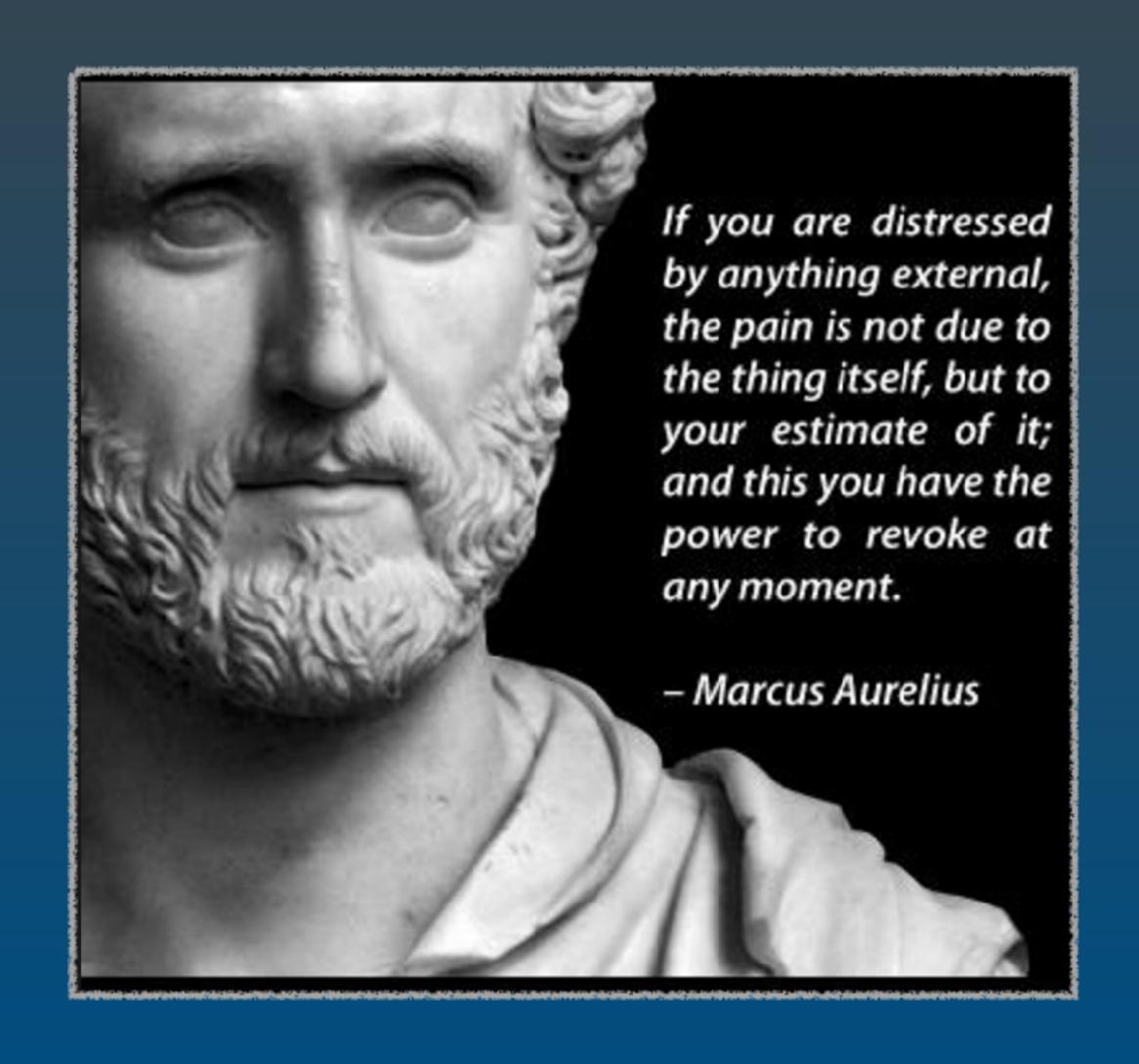
It is not what is outside of person that goes into a person and defiles him, but what comes out of the heart (mind).

The Stoics' morality was based mostly on maintaining emotional self-control, and letting nothing dissuade or interfere with doing your daily duty. They had relatively little interest in matters that the Bible emphasises, such as love, joy, sexual morality, humility, generosity, restraining the lusts of the flesh. Not these weren't important to them, and not that they were immoral people. It is that Stoic morality had no personal God, no savior, no theological basis of flawed human nature.

Nonetheless, the principle upon which Stoic philosophy, behavior, and mental life rests is the same: the only thing we can control, and the only thing we are responsible for, is our own thoughts and actions, despite anything that happens to us.

It is another description of the devil of the Bible. There is no external force, only our own mind versus a world of distractions, temptations, and assaults, a world fully inhabited by selfish, short-sighted people.

A COMMON STOIC THEME



LOCUS OF CONTROL: THE INTERPERSONAL DOMAIN

"If someone succeeds in provoking you, realize that your mind is complicit in the provocation."

EPICTETUS

DailyStoic.com

SAID ANOTHER WAY

People are not disturbed by things, but by the views they take of them. Epictetus

ANXIETY: OUR MINDS CREATE OUR PROBLEMS



FOCUS ON WHAT IS, NOT WHAT IF.

Therefore, do not be anxious for tomorrow, for tomorrow will be anxious for itself. Sufficient for the day is its own trouble.

Jesus of Nazareth

THE PRIMACY OF IDENTITY

First say to yourself what you would be, then do what you would do.

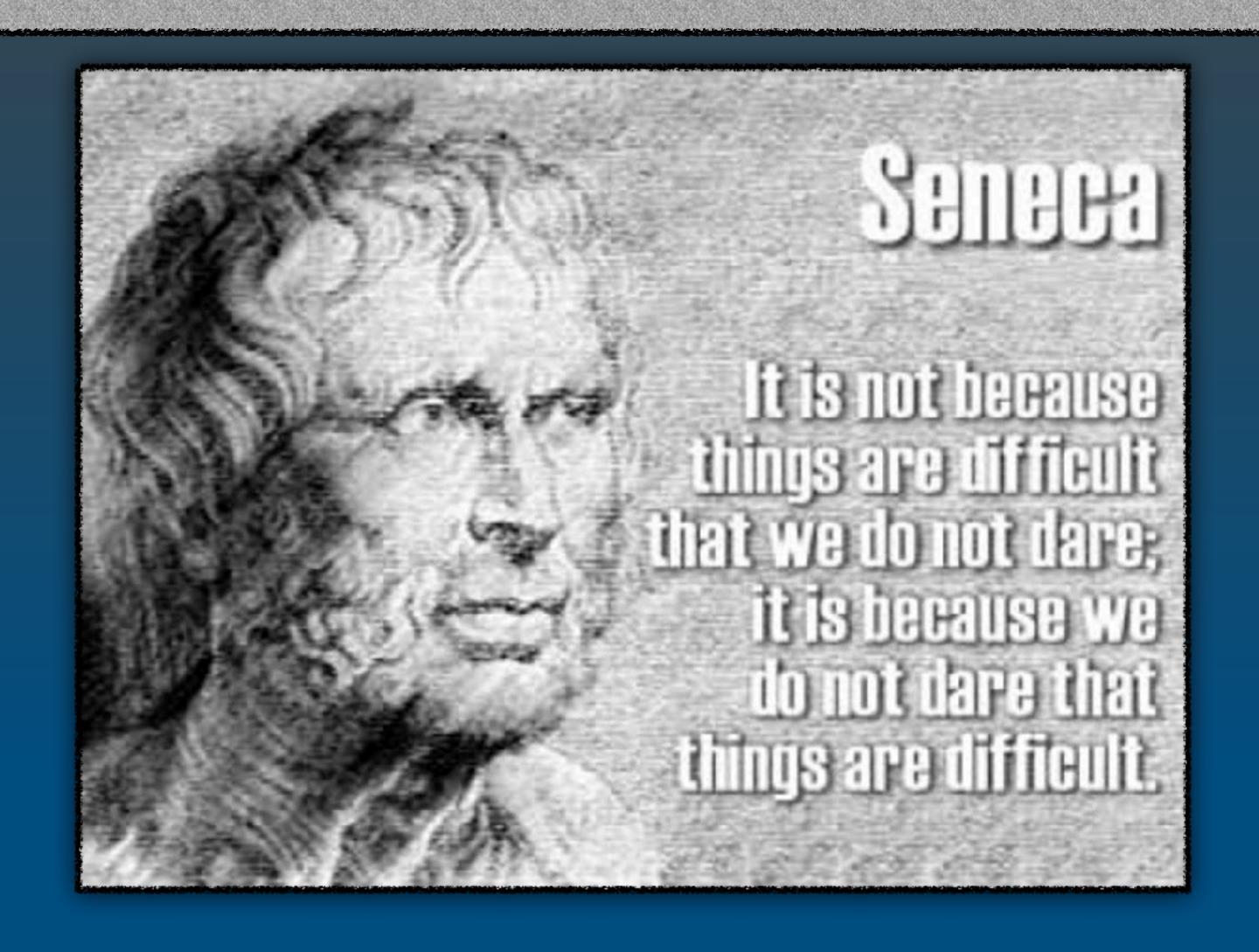
Epictetus

JESUSTEACHES ABOUT IDENTITY

For no good tree bears bad fruit, nor again does a bad tree bear good fruit, for each tree is known by its own fruit.

Luke 6:43-44

WE CREATE OUR OWN BARRIERS



DON'T LET FEAR CONSTRAIN YOUR LIFE

It is not **death** that a man should fear, but he should fear **never beginning to live.**

Marcus Aurelius

AZ QU OTES

THE PARABLE OF THE TALENTS

- What was the basis of distribution?
- What risk did the two more endowed servants take?
- What was the stated reason for the least endowed servant to hide his money? What was the "real" reason?
- What was the lack of investment due to the servant's ability or to his estimation of his master?

HOW DO WE LOOK AT THE TRIALS OF LIFE?

Misfortune nobly born is good fortune.

Marcus Aurelius

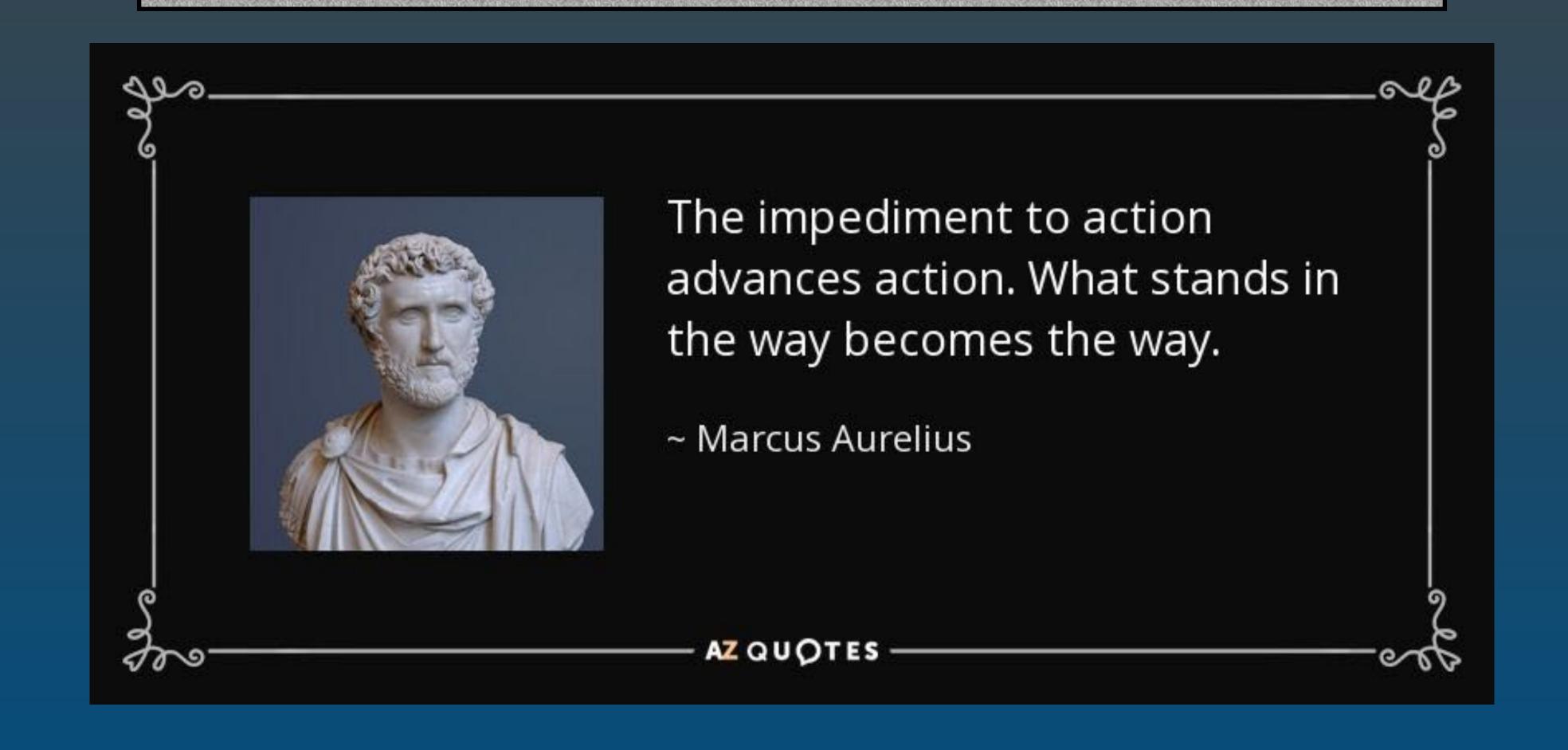
SUFFERING NOBLY

- Job
- Paul
- Jesus

SUFFERING NOBLY

- He committed no sin, neither was deceit found in his mouth. When he was reviled, he did not revile in return; when he suffered, he did not threaten, but continued entrusting himself to him who judges justly. I Pet. 2:22:23
- ... "leaving you an example, so that you might follow in his steps." (v.21)

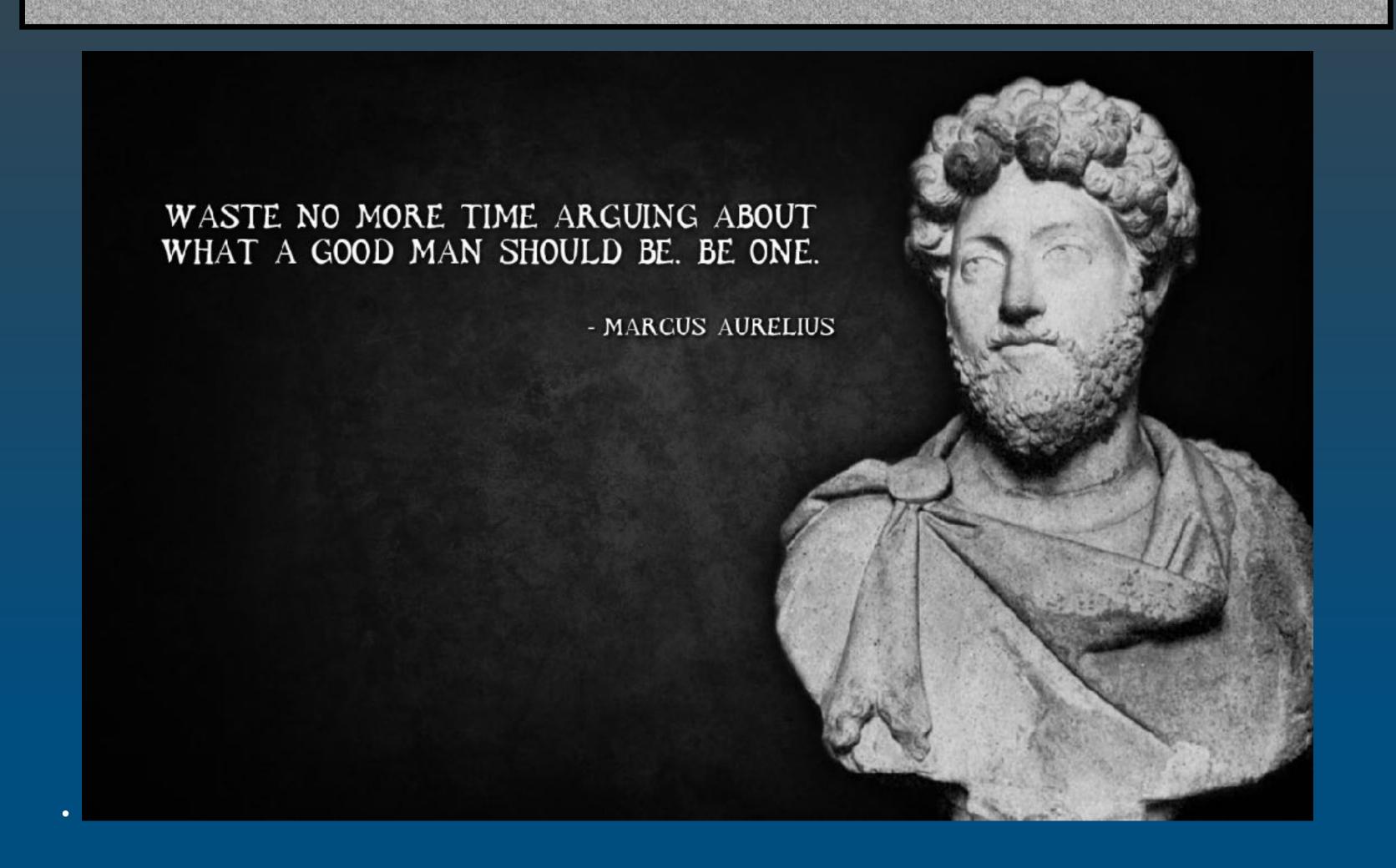
WHAT IS THE SCRIPTURAL COUNTERPART?



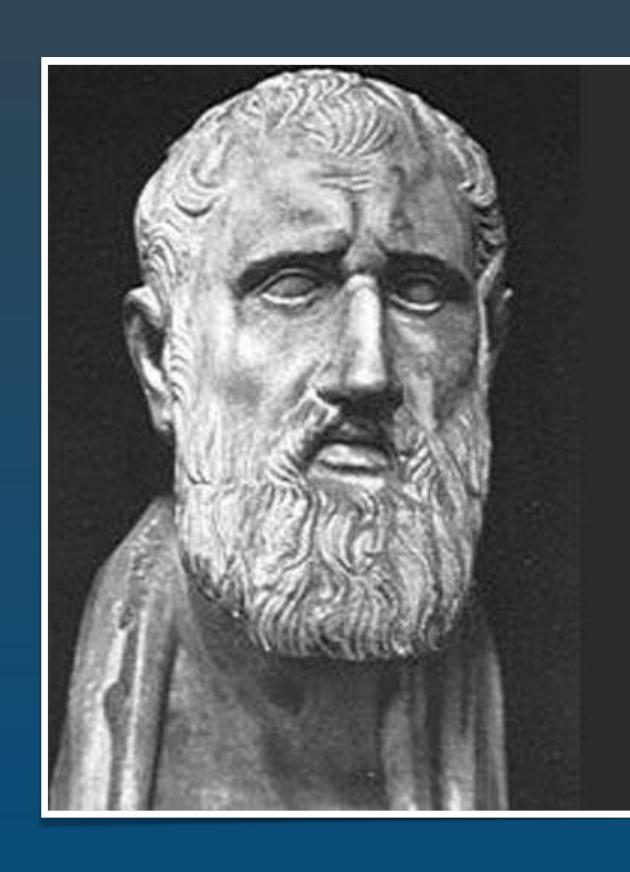
OBSTACLES (HARDSHIPS, TRIALS) ARE THE WAY TO WHAT?

- Dependency on God Psa. 46.1-3; Il Cor. 1:8-9, 12:10
- Character Rom. 5:3-4
- Increased Self-Efficacy
- Patience Jam. 1:2-3.
- Empathy II Cor. 1:3-5
- Flexibility, adaptability: Other Doors Will Open Acts 16:6-10

BE DOERS OF THE WORD



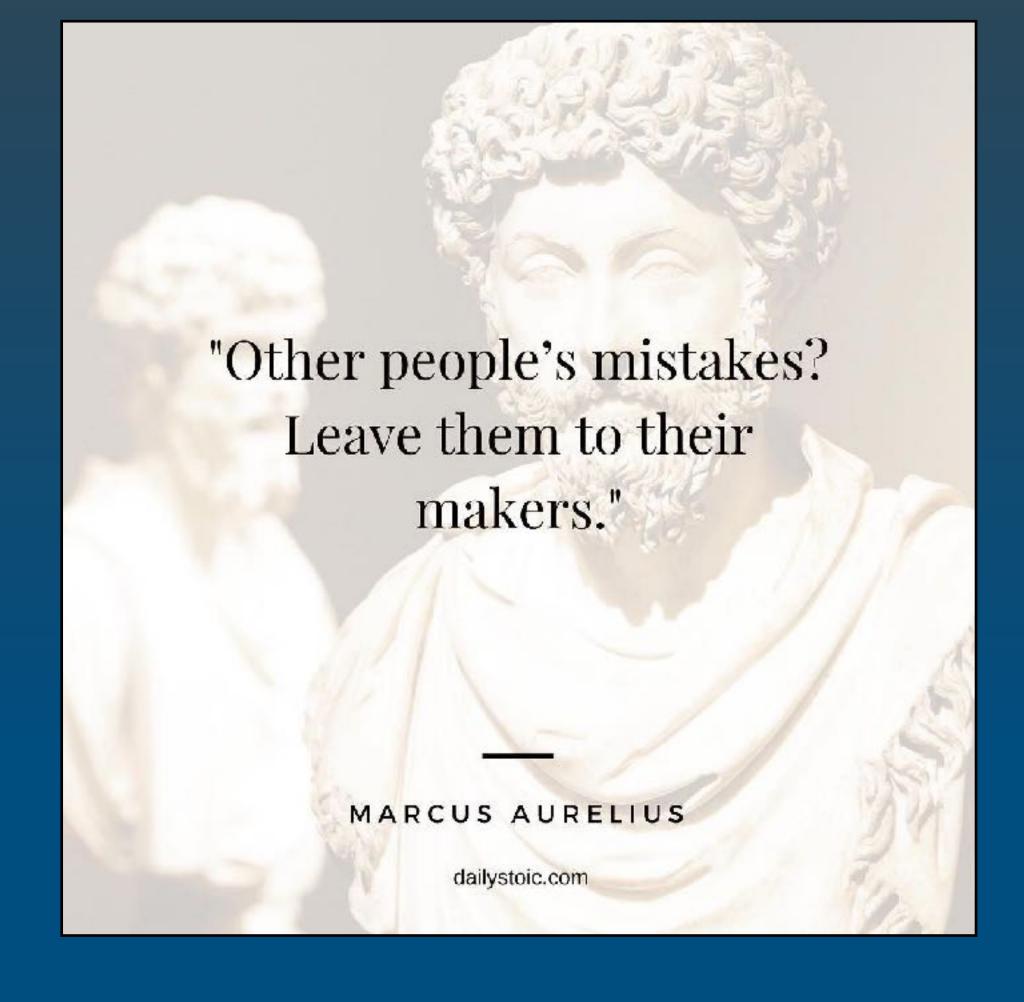
ZENO, FOUNDER OF THE STOIC SCHOOL



"We have two ears and one mouth, so we should listen more than we say."

-Zeno of Citium

STOICISM ON JUDGING OTHERS



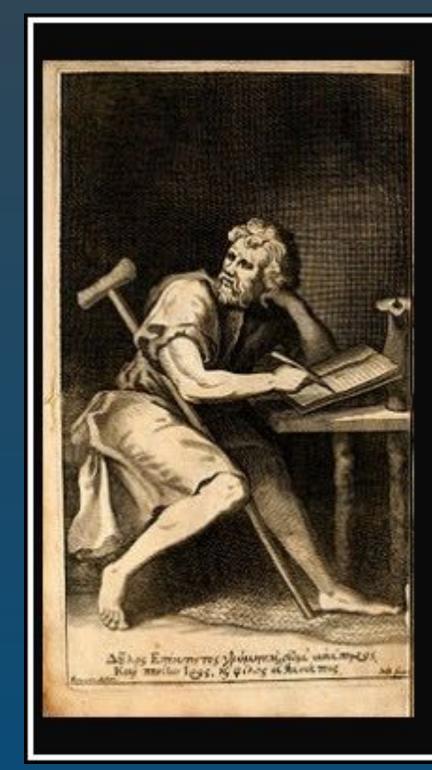
TAKETHE BEAM OUT OF YOUR OWN EYE

"Be tolerant with others and strict with yourself."

MARCUS AURELIUS

dailystoic.com

STOICISM ON JUDGING OTHERS

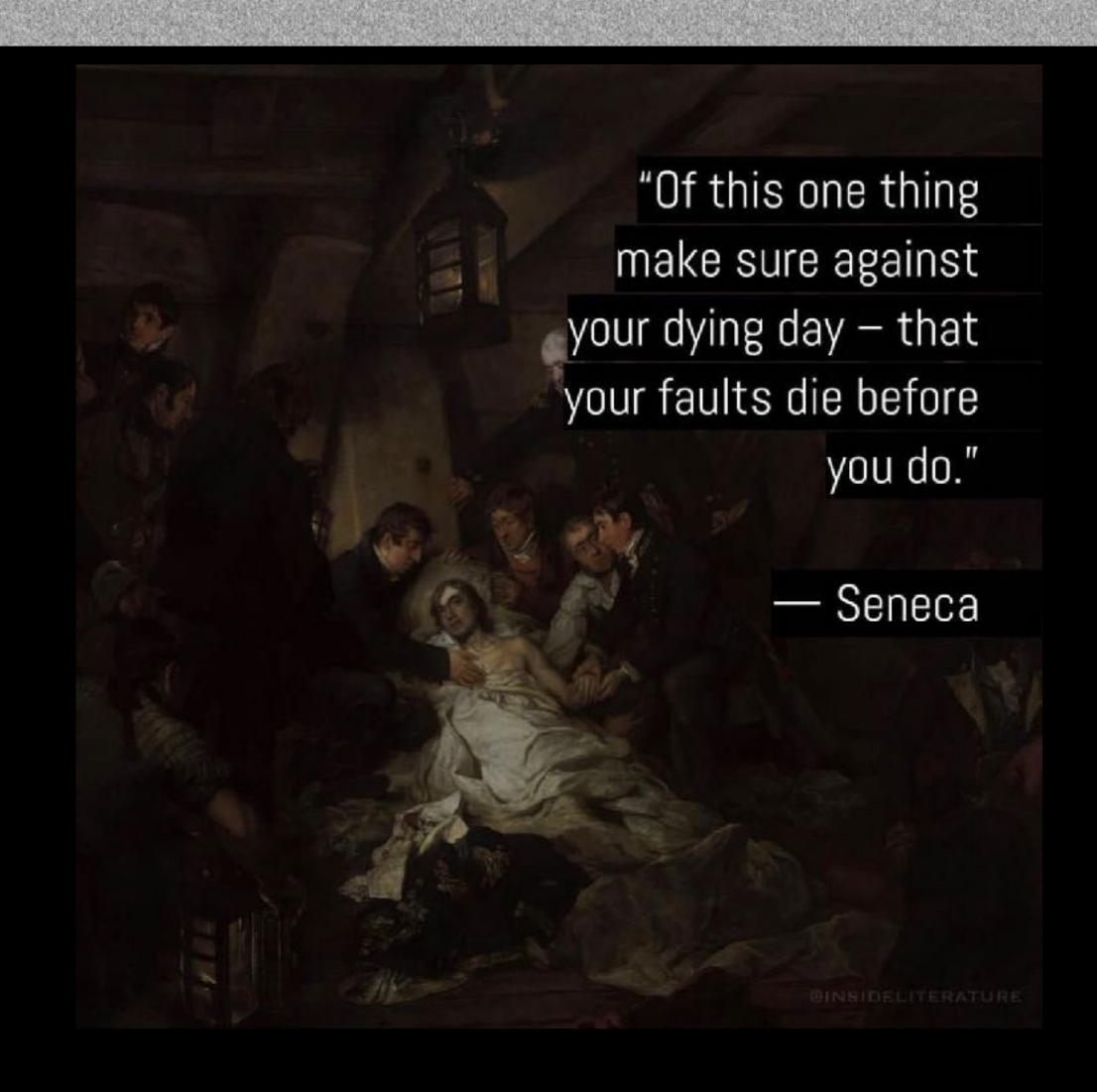


When you are offended at any man's fault, turn to yourself and study your own failings. Then you will forget your anger.

(Epictetus)

izquotes.com

SENECA ON THE DEATH OF OUR FAULTS



MARCUS AURELIUS ON PUTTING YOUR FAULTS TO DEATH

"Think of yourself as dead.
You have lived your life.
Now take what's left and live
it properly."

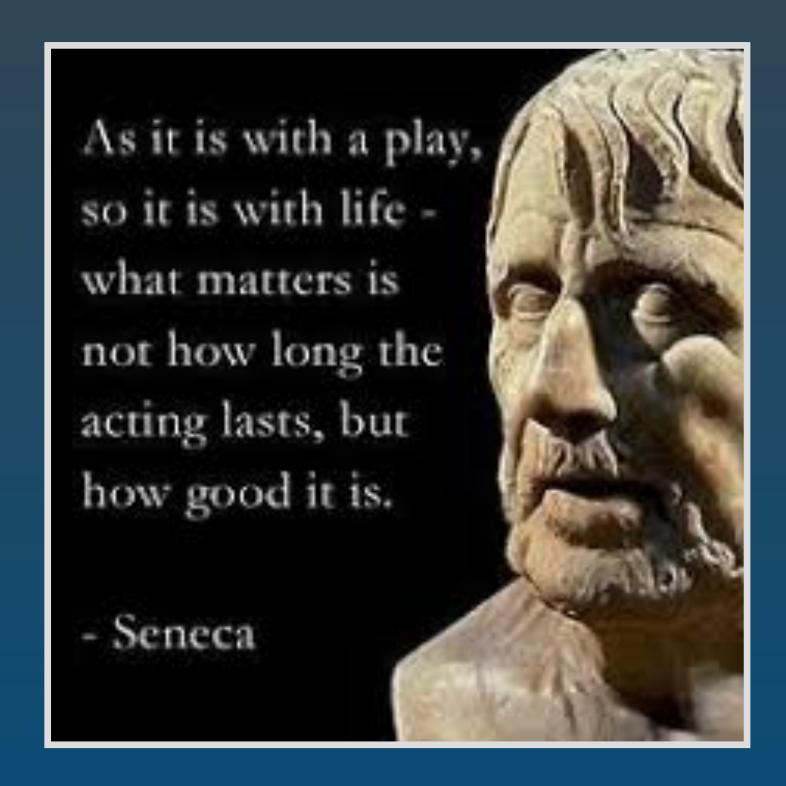
MARCUS AURELIUS

dailystoic.com

THE BIBLE ON PUTTING OUR FAULTS TO DEATH

- SO YOU ALSO MUST CONSIDER YOURSELVES DEAD TO SIN AND ALIVE TO GOD IN CHRIST JESUS. ROM. 6:11
- THROUGH THE LAW I DIED TO THE LAW THAT I MIGHT LIVE TO GOD. GAL. 2:19
- PUT TO DEATH THEREFORE WHAT IS EARTHLY IN YOU: SEXUAL IMMORALITY, IMPURITY, PASSION, EVIL DESIRE, AND COVETOUSNESS, WHICH IS IDOLATRY. COL. 3:5

SENECA ON THE BREVITY OF LIFE



SENECA ON USING OUR TIME WELL

"It's not that we have a short time to live, but that we waste a lot of it."

SENECA

dailystoic.com

AROMAN EMPEROR ON THE BREVITY OF LIFE

Live not as though there were a thousand years ahead of you. Fate is at your elbow; make yourself good while life and power are still yours. Marcus Aurelius

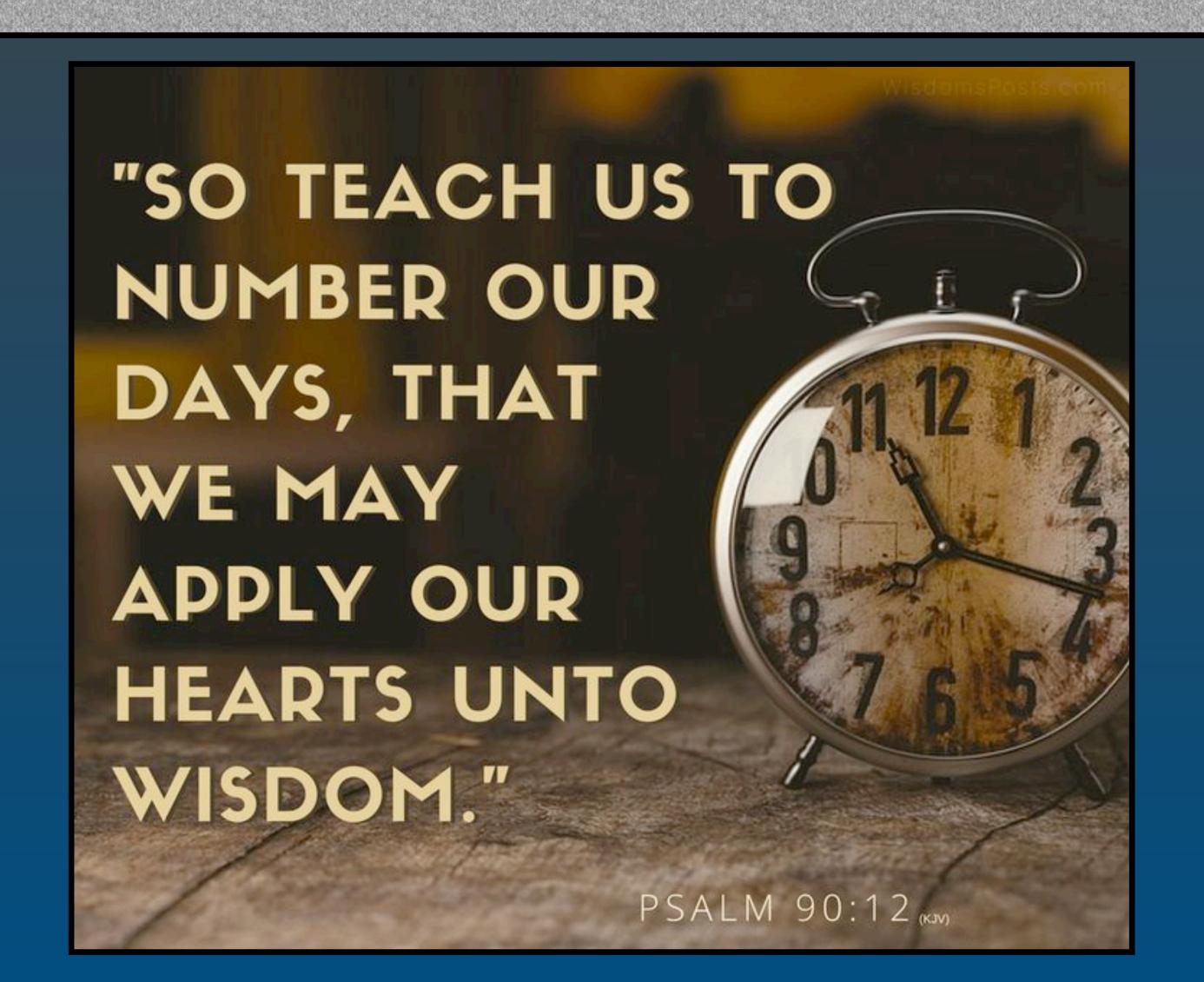
PSALM 90 ON THE BREVITY OF LIFE

The years of our life are seventy, or even by reason of strength eighty:

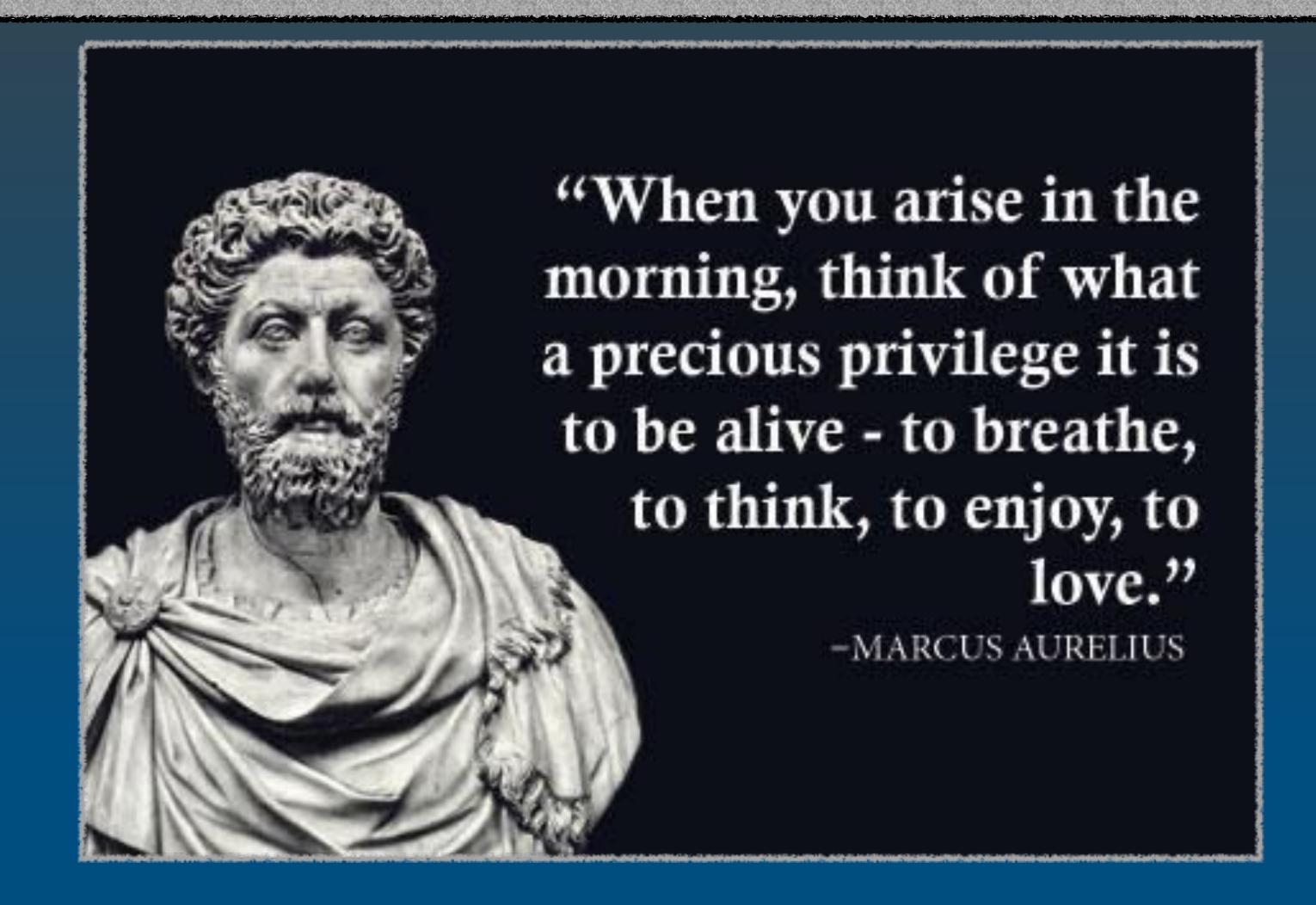


yet their span is but toil and trouble; they are soon gone, and we fly away. (Psalm 90:10)

PSALM 90 ON THE BREVITY OF LIFE



A ROMAN EMPEROR ON GRATITUDE

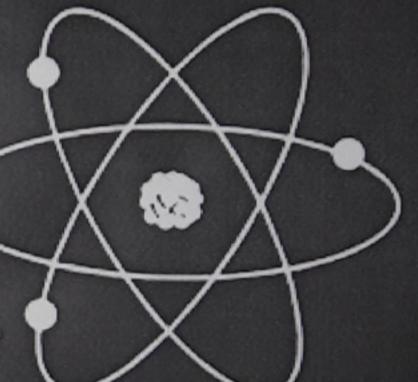


FOUR ESSENTIAL, ACCESSIBLE STOIC WORKS

- Seneca: Letters from a Stoic
- Epictetus: Discourses and Enchiridion
- Marcus Aurelius: Meditations

YOU MATTER

Until you multiply yourself times the speed of light squared.



THEN YOU ENERGY